ВСЕРОССИЙСКАЯ ОЛИМПИАДА ШКОЛЬНИКОВ АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК. 2024—2025 уч. г. МУНИЦИПАЛЬНЫЙ ЭТАП. 10—11 КЛАССЫ

Максимальный балл за работу – 100.

LISTENING Time: 15 minutes (15 points)

Задание 1.

Task 1

For items 1–10 listen to a talk about a woman pilot and decide whether the statements (1–10) are TRUE, or FALSE according to the text you hear. You will hear the text twice.

1. The speaker outlined his talk.	
A) True	B) False
2. Amelia Earhart moved to Chicag	go as soon as her father was given the sack.
A) True	B) False
3. Amelia Earhart graduated from 6	Columbia University in 1920.
A) True	B) False
4. Amelia's parents in California b	
A) True	B) False
5 46 11 14	
S	elia Earhart was employed as a social worker.
A) True	B) False
6 Amalia Earhart is famous for h	aing the only women to fly sole non stop seroes th
Atlantic.	eing the only woman to fly solo non-stop across the
	B) False
A) True	b) Palse
7 Refore flying across the Atlantic	Amelia Earhart used to write articles.
A) True	B) False
71) 11uc	b) I disc

8. The only reason that prevented Amelia Earhart from flying to Paris was unfavourable weather conditions.

A) True

B) False

- **9.** After circumnavigating the world in 1937, Amelia Earhart published two books.
 - A) True

B) False

10. Amelia Earhart was awarded by American and French governments.

A) True

B) False

Task 2

For items **2–6** listen to a conversation between the manager of the fashion department and Chloe, a new salesperson. Choose the correct answer to answer the questions **2–6**. You will hear the text **only once**.

Задание 2. During her first week at the store Chloe managed to

- A) deal with plenty of customers.
- B) deal with a few difficult customers.
- C) deal with hardly any other trainees.

Задание 3. The manager thinks the best sales people

- A) are more than just fashion experts.
- B) should answer questions about their section only.
- C) are able to sell cosmetics and jewelry.

Задание 4. The sales staff at the department

- A) have to wear uniform.
- B) are obliged to wear designer labels.
- C) can be models for the store fashions.

Задание 5. Which advice is NOT given to Chloe?

- A) Find out about other departments in the store.
- B) Pressurise customers to buy something.
- C) Give customers a lot of attention.

Задание 6. What is NOT TRUE about Chloe?

- A) She is the right person for sales.
- B) She has little sales experience.
- C) She isn`t grateful to the manager for the advice.

READING Time: 45 minutes (20 points)

Task 1

For items 7–16, read the passage below and choose the option which best fits according to the text.

The openness of talking to strangers

Catherine Carr shares her experience of talking to strangers.

You may be surprised to learn that one of my ideas of top entertainment is to people-watch. You'll find me at it in cafés, bars, on trains. The only thing that can beat it is to take the extra step and strike up a conversation. Not the party kind one. I prefer the bigger sort, with feelings and explanations of passions, maybe with a bit of childhood thrown in.

Early on in my career as a radio reporter, this preference for the personal over the professional was obvious. I didn't make the greatest of newshounds, as I was often completely diverted by the lives which surrounded the headline. Often, after switching off the recorder, instead of hurrying back to file my piece, I ended up chatting some more and more.

Some time later, I moved to Colchester and started recording my podcast, *Where Are You Going?* Its concept is simple: I potter around any location talking to strangers and asking them that question. The answers are sometimes funny, sometimes surprising, tragic or shocking. Occasionally they take your breath away. On one single sunny day, for instance, I recorded interviews with an artist in a fluffy orange cardigan, a pair of retired special needs teachers on their way to buy ice-creams, and a trio of Iranian refugees.

Or, I remember a hot September lunchtime, when I started talking to a man I have never met before. He was on the way to *Boots* and he told me he'd been married for years and was currently waiting for a hip replacement. He played in a rock band that performed all over Essex. He then told me how his Italian father had met his English mother. His parents' marriage was a happy one and the story was precious to him. He told me about his trips to Tuscany and lovely meetings he had with the Italian relatives.

This September, the podcast won an award at the British Podcast Awards and lots of listeners tell us they have found a blueprint for creating connections of their own, understanding it can be quite possible to talk to people you don't know and share a little of each other's lives.

In his fascinating book *Hello*, *Stranger* writer William Buckingham writes that there is something freeing and comfortable in talking to strangers, in the possibilities they bring. Strangers are unentangled in our worlds and lives and this lack can lighten our own burden. This is why strangers can unexpectedly become confidants." He says

that strangers often trade the most surprising revelations and confidences as there's little chance of ever seeing each other again.

At the beginning, I assumed lots of people would wave me away or tell me not to invade their privacy, or just be baffled by the whole idea of me asking: "Where are you going?" But the vast majority do not and aren't. People seem to want to talk and very often about really important things.

Gina, a friend of mine, who is a psychotherapist, was less surprised that people opened up in this way. In her experience, people in therapy often blurt out the most vulnerable and important thing just as the hour's session is ending. She explained that it's a safe window of time, after which they leave the room and there is no comeback.

The few minutes I spend with people I talk to are perhaps a cross between the confessional described by Buckingham and the last few ticks of the clock in the therapy room. Interviewees are always anonymous and – after we chat – we go our separate ways. Even though the conversation can become intimate very quickly, it is also only a brief moment shared, which then sort of closes up behind us.

In the time since I started asking strangers where they are going, the world has changed, politics has become more divisive and spaces to talk openly feel rarer. A lot of interactions take place online and – as we all know – can become angry pretty quickly. So I'm always expecting the people I approach to reflect that – and to be hostile to the idea of talking to a stranger about things that really matter to them. But instead, I keep finding the opposite. People are as open as ever and – post pandemic – even more keen for connection.

Задание 7. Catherine's two main passions are

- A) watching people and imagining what their lives are like.
- B) observing strangers and initiating conversations with them.
- C) looking at people from a café or train window.
- D) going to cafes and talking to people in public transport.

Задание 8. What is TRUE about Catherine's job at the radio station?

- A) She was one of the top newsmakers at the time.
- B) She worked overtime by making long interviews.
- C) She set her own interests above professional ones.
- D) She efficiently emailed interviews after completing them.

Задание 9. The main concept of Catherine's podcast is

- A) to choose respondents meticulously.
- B) to talk to strange and unconventional people.
- C) to talk to random people anywhere.
- D) to record exceptional life stories.

Задание 10. The man who Catherine talked to at lunchtime shared

- A) his background and family history.
- B) his failing health and unhappy marriage.
- C) his wish to reconnect with his Italian roots.
- D) his band's successes all over the country.

Задание 11. Listeners of the podcast shared the opinion that the programme

- A) let them become more open and communicative.
- B) helped them understand other people better.
- C) inspired them to start their own podcasts.
- D) laid out a plan for how to start talking to strangers.

Задание 12. William Buckingham writes that while talking to strangers, people

- A) try to sound light and unaffected.
- B) tend to share their personal secrets.
- C) feel free to tangle and argue with them.
- D) aim to get feedback from their conversation partner.

Задание 13. After starting her podcast Catherine understood that

- A) her worst fears became reality.
- B) her question put many people off.
- C) people were protective of their private lives.
- D) many people were keen to answer her question.

Задание 14. According to Catherine's friend Gina, people

- A) tend to share most at the last minute.
- B) feel vulnerable when you ask them a lot of questions.
- C) feel safer when talking to a psychotherapist.
- D) open up to strangers more easily.

Задание 15. Catherine thinks that her podcast

- A) is more therapeutic than a psychotherapy session.
- B) is way different from what Buckingham describes.
- C) is a mix of both approaches and descriptions.
- D) is more intimate and confessional than both approaches.

Задание 16. Catherine realises that alongside the world changes people

- A) prefer to talk online and do it less openly.
- B) are communicative and still eager to talk.
- C) are more hostile when talking offline.
- D) get more angered by her question.

Задание 17.

Task 2

For items 1-10, read the passage below and choose which of the sentences A-K fit into the numbered gaps in the text. There is one extra sentence which does not fit in any of the gaps.

Tsvetaeva apple pie (tsvetaevski pirog) is a neat little dessert familiar to both
Russian home bakers and poetry lovers. (1)
One of the unofficial stories has it that the pie was loved by the family of Marina
Tsvetaeva and often baked and served by Marina and her sister Anastasia at tea time,
when they were young ladies and spent their holidays and summers at a dacha in Tarusa
with relatives and closest friends. (2)
In reality, there is no paper trail to confirm this story. (3) She admitted she
was generally hopeless and awful at cooking and housekeeping, too. (4)
In her memoirs, Anastasia recalls a large cozy garden with apple trees and a
veranda. (5) Indeed, sour cream was and is the most important ingredient of the
pie, along with apples.
(6) That is why Russian fans of Tsvetaeva's poetry usually celebrate her
birthday by making her favorite apple pie.
(7) In fact, adding sour cream into the dough makes the piecrust tenderer
and richer in taste. And the same goes with the filling. Some say that sour cream is a
good Slavic alternative to cream cheese. (8)
The best apple varieties for Tsvetaeva apple pie are Antonovka or Bogatyr, which
can be picked in late autumn. (9) Although the traditional version of the pie calls
for apples, sour cream base also goes perfectly with lots of other fruits and especially
berries. So why not try adding strawberries into the recipe, the most summerish berries?
The pie is equally delicious when served warm or cooled. (10) Enjoy a
slice with a cup of black tea!

- A) It gives desserts a very similar signature sourish hint with a unique creamy consistency.
- B) The latter would often say the pies were so good, with sweet filling (or 'zalivka') and contrasting tang from the apples, that the recipe spread across the country bearing Marina's name.
- C) Today, the peculiarity of the pie still lies in its delicate sour cream dough.
- D) Marina Tsvetaeva herself was born on one of those apple-scented October days, when the sky is motionless and fallen leaves are blanketed by the first frosty fog.
- E) According to another theory, which sounds more plausible, the pie came from the Tsvetaevs' neighbors.
- F) Some say that chilling it in the fridge for 3-5 hours makes it even tenderer and creamier in texture.
- G) It is unclear how it came to be associated with Marina Tsvetaeva, a famous poetess, incredibly talented and rebellious, living in the early twentieth century Russia.
- H) In addition to the traditional recipe with apples, there are also more other variants with fruit and berry fillings, like pears and strawberries.
- I) There would always be a samovar on the ready and the table would be laid with sweet pies made with delicious sour cream.
- J) These have a slightly sour taste, which goes so well with the thin shortcrust pastry and delicate sour cream based filling.
- K) By Marina's own admission, she could only write poetry and was completely useless in the kitchen.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

USE OF ENGLISH Time: 60 minutes (45 points)

Задание 18.

Task 1. Items 1–15 (15 points)

For questions 1–15, read the text below and look carefully at each line. Some of the lines are correct, and some have a word which should not be there.

If a line is correct put a tick. Use letter "V" as a tick. If a line has a word which should **not** be there, write the word in a given space. There are two examples at the beginning (0 and 00).

How can I improve my conversation skills?

0	I'm ignored when I try to chat to people. How do you do conversation?	$oldsymbol{V}$
U		V
	I don't understand how it works. I can only ever communicate factual	
	information such as "A coffee and a croissant, please."	
00	Other people seem to rattle on about anything and everything,	latter
	constantly jumping from one topic to another, but I can never follow. If	
	I ever feel that I have something to contribute and try to join in they	
	simply ignore me or change the latter subject.	
1	If I will try to initiate a conversation, for example by complimenting	
	someone on their obviously expensive camera, they will initially	
	respond but after about 60 seconds turn away as soon as they realise	
	that I am "trying to make conversation".	
2	On the other one hand, I am able to express myself very well in writing.	
	Even more paradoxically I make a good living as a translator (in written	
	form), translating from various European languages.	
3	Partly this is because I take a very analytical approach to language and	
	so I am able to dig too deep into the meaning of what the writer is	
	trying to convey.	
4	I also get along very well with animals, using a body language. For	
	instance, I can get dogs to follow me around, walk to heel, sit or lie	
	down merely by using gestures.	
5	But it would be far nice to take my conversational skills a little bit	
	higher. Any tips?	
	Quite a lot of people aren't as skilled at conversation as they think, so	
	you are not alone. What's great is that you are curious and asking the	
	question.	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

6	Some people are being stuck on transmit ("rambling") and think talking	
	about themselves is good chat. Some think interrogating the other	
	person is the way to go. But conversation is the turning together of two	
	people. A lot of people mistake talking for conversation.	
7	I wouldn't necessarily always blame yourself either; a fruitful	
	conversation does it require input from two people, not just one left	
	doing the heavy lifting.	
8	I went to psychotherapist and skilled conversationalist Chris Mills with	
	whom I did a podcast on the art of listening which is a great bedrock of	
	conversation.	
9	Mills pondered on at "the difference between small talk and delivering	
	factual information. The fundamental for a conversation to be	
	successful is that it has to make emotional contact and a list of facts	
	("croissant and coffee") on their own won't do that. It has to have	
10	emotional zing."	
10	So to layer on what you already do you could add, "the croissants look	
	great – do you make them here?" or "this coffee hits the spot, what a	
11	blend is it?" These things year't trigger a massive convergetion because heristes.	
11	These things won't trigger a massive conversation because baristas	
	often have a queue to serve over, but they are stepping stones and good practice points.	
12	We also have had to be realistic about how far some conversations, in	
12	certain settings, can go. I think it's entirely realistic that after 60	
	seconds someone will call time on talking about a camera. Even the	
	most skilled conversationalist would struggle.	
13	That said by some people need fewer triggers. Some spill more slowly.	
	Being interested and curious – which you clearly are – is a great	
	springboard for conversation; we are after all hard-wired for	
	connection.	
14	"To have a conversation you have to be able to imagine how what	
	you're saying is going to land with the other person. And that takes	
	after empathy," says Mills. Observation is also a great tool for	
	conversation: just hearing what others talk about. There's a reason	
	talking about the weather is a stalwart in so many countries. It's a	
	connection, it's non-committal, it's not too personal and you can test	
	the water with the other person.	

15	But like I am said, you have to be realistic. Some conversations will	
	never go beyond a few exchanges. Listen carefully to what people are	
	saying and instead of facts maybe think about feelings. So if someone	
	says, "We're going on holiday to X" try something like "have you ever	
	been before? Are you excited about going?" Good luck!	

Task 2. Items 19–28 (10 points)

For items 19–28, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. Use from three to five words. The number of words is specified in the brackets. Do not use short forms. Please mind both grammar and spelling. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Example	? : 0. The p	pool isn't deep enough to swim in.
	too	
	The poo	ol swim in. (4 words)
	0	is too shallow to
Задание	19. Lisa	met her friends at her favourite restaurant, Milanos, yesterday.
whose		
		Milanos, met her friends there yesterday. (4 words)
Задание	20. The	waitress told Ben he could take anything from the salad bar.
help ''		the salad bar," the waitress said. (3 words)
Задание	21. Desp	pite all difficulties, he managed to win the race.
odds		, he managed to win the race. (3 words)
Задание	22. Jame	es arranged for his luggage to be flown home.
had James		home. (4 words)

Задание 23. We didn't stay long at the party because it was very noisy.

so If there	moise, we might have stayed longer at the
party. (5 words)	<u></u>
Задание 24. The nu	umber of people applying for university grants fell last year.
fall There last year. (5 words)	number of people applying for university grants
Задание 25. Would	you mind helping me carry this heavy box to the car?
grateful This box is really h car. (4 words)	eavy so I you could help me carry it to the
Задание 26. "Ехси	se me madam, but is this your bag?" the policeman asked.
belong "Excuse me madam, words)	, but you?" the policeman asked. (5
Задание 27. The m the break-in.	an claimed that he had been nowhere near the factory at the time of
to The man claimed break-in. (4 words)	anywhere near the factory at the time of the
Задание 28. Тrevo	r found it very difficult to persuade his boss to give him a pay rise.
difficulty Trevor	his boss to give him a pay rise. (5 words)

Задание 29.

Task 3. Items 1–10 (10 points)

For items 1–10 read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a new word that fits in the space in the same line. There is an example at the beginning (0).

When I was 11, my parents decided to send me to a private school.	
However, it was very difficult for them to afford it: my dad was	
from a working-class background and it was an	
"(0)". He had high hopes that private school	INVEST
would lead to the life he never had: a good degree and a stable, well-	
paying job.	
(1) my childhood, I was acutely aware that they	THROUGH
struggled to keep up with the fees and was very conscious that my	
dad was working in horrendous conditions in dangerous parts of the	
world for my sake.	
I turned out to be utterly (2) and was encouraged	ACADEMIC
by the school to pursue a career in the arts (rather than the traditional	
medicine, law or Stem subjects). This disappointed my dad and made	
my mum very anxious.	
A little over a decade since leaving school, working in the arts has	
shattered me. I'm hyper-aware of the privileged position private	
school put me in, and the worlds it opened up culturally, but now I	
am trying to find a way out to something more financially and	
mentally (3)	SUSTAIN
My dad is not fit enough to work, (4) with no	EMPLOY
pension, and I am terrified I can't support my parents as they age	
because of the path I chose at 17. My dad still regularly jokes that I	
was "expensive", but I now feel like a failed investment. I have	
extremely low self-esteem.	
I loved my job, but even my parents aside, I couldn't afford to stay in	
it. The (5) of accumulated private school fees and	COMBINE
my student loans has left a cloud of debt looming over my head.	
How do I reconcile with this guilt?	
I'm sure your parents were trying to do their best but	
(6) reminding you of that is corrosive and self-	CONSTANT
defeating.	
It wasn't about seeing who you really are either, or understanding	
that academic (7) doesn't always lead to happiness. In fact it rarely seems to if it's the sole aim.	ACHIEVE
happiness. In fact it rarely seems to if it's the sole aim.	

What does lead to internal happiness is seeing ourselves reflected	
back by the people we love, and being accepted for who we are,	
(8) that is.	EVER
What you really need is self-acceptance. It's a (9)	VALUE
lesson, as an adult child, to learn you can be angry with your parents,	
resent them, appreciate them, and love them all at the same time.	
You are not a failed investment because you were never invested in.	
Your parents' (10) were.	EXPECT

Задание 30.

Task 4. Items 1–10 (10 points)

For items 1–10, match the items 1–10 to the phenomena A–N. There are some extra phenomena which do not match.

- A) It was the first major civil engineering work of Isambard Kingdom Brunel, an engineering genius and innovator. In 1833 the 27-year-old engineer was chosen to superintend the construction of the Bristol-London part, which would retain until consolidation into the nationwide system in 1948. It was the first major civil engineering work to be designed, directed, and completed by Brunel.
- B) He was chancellor to Henry II of England and then archbishop of Canterbury. He repeatedly clashed with his sovereign over the relationship between the Crown and Church. He was murdered in Canterbury Cathedral.

He is sometimes referred to as Saint Thomas of Canterbury.

- C) a network of houses and other places that a group of people in the US used to illegally help slaves to become free by helping them to escape to the northern US and Canada in the period before the Civil War
- D) an accomplished cavalry commander, then head of Parliament's New Model Army, and finally Lord Protector of England, Scotland, and Ireland. The latter title was awarded to him for life after the bloody conclusion of the English Civil Wars and the execution of King Charles I of England.
- E) an area where the air pressure is very low
- F) some school teachers' humorous rhyme of Henry VIII's record number of wives
- G) a Bavarian immigrant who arrived in San Francisco in 1850 during the Gold Rush, bringing dry goods for sale to miners. Hearing of the miners' need for durable pants, he hired a tailor to make garments out of tent canvas.
- H) the Vikings
- I) the Romans
- J) some school teachers' humorous rhyme of Charles I Stuart's wives
- K) From his laboratories emanated the phonograph, the carbon-button transmitter for the telephone speaker and microphone, the incandescent lamp, the first commercial

- electric light and power system, an experimental electric railroad, and key elements of motion-picture apparatus.
- L) It lasted from 1929 to 1941 and was a severe economic downturn caused by an overextended stock market and a drought that struck the South of the country. Despite the government's help, it was the increased production needed for World War II that finally ended it.
- M) He was Lord Chancellor to Henry VIII of England who was executed for his refusal to endorse Henry's break of the Church in England from the Catholic Church in Rome. His most famous work today being *Utopia* which includes a philosophical description of an ideal society set on an island.
- N) not having a problem or difficulty any longer

1.	Oliver	Cromwell

2. But	came with a heavy hand,
And	bridged and roaded and ruled the land

R. Kipling

- **3.** Thomas Edison
- **4.** The Great Depression
- **5.** Levi Strauss
- **6.** out of the woods
- **7.** 1) divorced, 2) beheaded, 3) died, 4) divorced, 5) beheaded, 6) survived.
- 8. Underground Railroad
- 9. Sir Thomas More
- 10. The Great Western Railroad

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

WRITING Time: 60 minutes (20 points)

Задание 31.

You see the following notice in an English youth magazine and decide to send your story.

Stories Wanted

Write a story for our magazine. The story must begin with the sentence: *Anita had just arrived at her house when she realized she didn't have her keys.* The story must have a title and must include:

- a neighbour
- a dog

Write 200-250 words (the title is included in the word count).